

STONY PLAIN SUN.

Volume Four

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1906

World Edition 100

SAVE TIME AND MONEY By Cleaning, Repairing and Painting BEFORE SEEDING.

Rivets, Brooms, Axes, Brushes, Horse Combs, Paints, Varnishes, Stains, Yale Locks, Bolts, Polishes, Oils, are a few of the USEFUL things you need.

C. W. ROSSELL.
SKATES ARE CHEAP.

Sporting Notes

Saying of great men: "I'd rather watch a good game than play hockey with poor fellows."

The hockey team from Concordia College came out to Stony on the 11th, played Eric Heichen's team, and defeated them 12 to 1. The local team was slightly handicapped by the absence of the oldest twin.

The hockey team from Mr. Martin's school wandered up to Stony last week and were defeated by Ernie Shrover's bunch of pro-diggers by the score of 2 goals to 1.

Hal Lind took his hockey team to Duffield on the 11th, and managed Pidgeon's good players. The ice was pretty soft, with a balking concession to put in one corner of the rink. Both teams played and pulled around till the score was around seven something to 3 in favor of the Pidgeonites. The visiting team had a first class tussle with them, but the latter was unable to mend the holes in their goalkeeper's stick.

Mr. Hollinshead's Room

The four pupils who obtained the highest marks in grades 6, 7, 8 for the month of January at the local school are—

Grade 6—Anna Moyer, R. Wight, O. Miller, and Betzie Dale.

Grade 7—M. Donaldson, Jack Mann, O. Ait, Giles Clarke.

Grade 8—A. Mohr, Elizabeth Lutz, Caroline Lutz, Eleanor Umbach.

The Quality Store.

Mr. J. Miller, Stony Plain's pioneer general merchant, has moved his stock and goods to the temporary premises in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Freifeld. Mr. Miller and staff had just finished clearing out the goods purchased when the Freifeld store was taken over, and the big sale had been taken advantage of by a large number of towns and districts.

The new premises present a pleasing appearance, and afford more better accommodation than the building just vacated. In the main building the goods' furnishings department has been located, with the dry goods over on the other side, and the grocery and provisions department in the rear. The Annex has been given over to boots and shoes, with the office also in this building.

The old building on the corner, where Mr. Miller has had such a successful business career since the founding of the town, will be torn down to make room for the new and up to date general store that will be the last word in this line of building construction.

Meantime Mr. Miller and staff welcome all customers and friends to the temporary premises for an inspection of the splendid lines of goods displayed.

The good service which has always been given here, and for which Miller's Store is so justly noted, will be continued and increased by the extra facilities installed within the present building.

LOCAL NEWS

Mr. Henry Gabel left for Seattle on Saturday.

Paul Mayer, Muskegon, was in Stony on Sunday.

Wm. Gabel, Edmonton, spent the week end in Stony.

Mr. Proulx, Calgary, is the new paying tailor at the local bank.

Mr. Art Lyle, has gone to Portland, Ore., to finish his training for R. N.

Mr. Jacob Mayer, who farms just west of town, is leaving shortly on a trip to the U. S., and has sold his farm to Mr. Peter Haders.

Mr. Louis Wadell has moved to Wetaskwin with his family, and will enter into partnership with his brother Otto.

Mr. Thomas of the Bulletin staff, was a visitor at the office on Tuesday.

Mr. Louis Hennig, an old resident of the district, will have on a trip to the United States.

Mr. Webster Loomis, the well-known farmer of the local district, left on Monday for his home.

Henry W. Wood, a young man in the local district, has just returned from the United States. An effort is being made to have this gentleman to Stony.

A meeting of the Literary Society is called for Monday evening next.

Mr. Hollinshead has shipped his furniture to Edmonton, and his house has been taken by Mr. Robbins, his successor as teacher.

Several local people have already booked their passage to the Old Country, through Mr. McCullis, Grand Trunk Agent.

Mr. Gottlieb Gabel this week booked Mr. Herman Kurr from Hamburg to Stony Plain.

The following people have been booked at the Canadian National Railway Station for passage from Germany to this town: W. Schone, K. Schone, M. Schone.

The local Court will hold a sitting next Saturday afternoon, when three farmers of Carrol district will appear, charged with the alleged theft of 14 bags.

The annual meeting of the School Pairs Ass'n of Stony Plain District will be held next week.

Over 200 bags were shipped from Stony early on Friday morning.

Sunday's train from Vancouver came thru our seven houses here.

Mrs. A. & V. Mohr, carpenters and builders, have just finished.

GET IT at HARDWICK'S.

ARRIVAL OF A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

Spring Footwear.

SPECIAL DISPLAY ON FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

ANNOUNCING OUR
ONE CENT SALE,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY,
MARCH 13, 14, & 15.

The Big Sale, when you buy goods at less than the Regular Wholesale Price.

DO NOT FORGET THE DATE!
THIS STORE WILL BE OPEN EVENINGS
DURING SALE UNTIL 9.30.

J. F. CLARKE, THE REXALL STORE
STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA.

GET IT AT—

KELLY'S

Royal Household Flour.

Maple Leaf Flour.

Full Line of Fresh Groceries
At Reasonable Prices.

Highest Prices Paid for Butter and Eggs.

Agent for the United Creameries.

ROYAL HOTEL, Stony Plain.

PHILIP MILLER, PROPRIETOR
TELEPHONE EIGHTEEN

Good Rooms. European Plan. Excellent Service.

BEER KEPT IN GOOD SHAPE—GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SOFT DRINKS.

The Canadian Power Farmer \$1.50

The Stony Plain Sun. \$1.50

Both for One Dollar-Fifty.

RED ROSE

TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY makes
finer tea and more of it

*"Don't get tired—
drink Bovril"*

Banking Problems In Canada

In the course of the address delivered by him in Winnipeg some weeks ago, and in which he discussed outstanding problems of the West, including farm labor, grain markets and marketing, transportation, export cattle trade, immigration, Sir Clifford Sifton paid his respects to bankers and the Canadian banking system, and suggested what in his opinion was necessary to restore public confidence in the banks and enable those institutions to function more efficiently in times of stress and emergency.

There can be no question that what has been termed the "wrecking of the Merchants Bank" and the failure of the Home Bank, coupled with recent amalgamations of other banks, has shaken confidence in the Canadian banking system which for many years has been held up as one of the model systems of the world. Therefore, constructive criticism and suggestions are to be welcomed.

One of the criticisms most frequently heard in the West in years past was that while the Canadian banking system might be all right from the standpoint of large financial institutions such as bond houses, insurance companies, mortgage, loan and trust companies, and also from the standpoint of manufacturing industries and large commercial and transportation enterprises, it fell far short of meeting the needs of agriculture and the primary producers of the Dominion. It was this popular feeling which ultimately demanded and forced Provincial Governments in the West to embark upon long-term credit schemes and farm loan boards.

Prefacing his remarks with the statement that he was not hostile to the banking interests, Sir Clifford Sifton declared that it had been conclusively demonstrated that the Canadian banking system, great and successful as it is, does not at present furnish adequate security. This was the great drawback—lack of security. Lack of security for the shareholder, lack of security for the depositor, lack of security in the carrying on of his business for the farmer and the small business man.

Describing the situation, Sir Clifford said: "When times are good the banks get too liberal with their money; and when times begin to tighten up, the banks get frightened and call their money in, and good, honest business men cannot get the required credit. There is no necessity for the present situation to go on. It is sheer stupidity. It could be rectified at once if we would take the proper measures."

What are the proper measures? Sir Clifford found the answer in the experience of the United States, and in the creation in that country of the Federal Reserve Bank. Prior to the creation of that great institution—one of the most wonderful and successful of its kind in existence—the United States suffered the same disabilities as now exist in Canada only in an aggravated form because the Canadian branch banking system contains elements of strength and flexibility lacking in the United States system.

Outlining his proposed remedy, Sir Clifford said that what Canada required was the appointment of a competent body of men, a small central board of mature men, three, four, or half a dozen experienced and successful bankers and financial men, the same kind of men who have been appointed as directors of the Federal Reserve Bank in the United States, who will say, when the bankers are getting too liberal, "Slow up"; and when money begins to get tight, "Loosen up."

Such a board should act as a bank of re-discount, Dominion notes being issued by the Finance Department upon their requisition, it being the privilege and duty of all banks to go to this central board for re-discount whenever the business of the country required it. In other words, that it should be indicated to the banks that they are not to pursue a policy of panic because they fear a lack of currency, but to rely on means provided by Parliament for their relief.

The United States, with all its wealth, would, said Sir Clifford, undoubtedly have had a fearful financial crash after the war had it not been for the Federal Reserve Bank—a system which provides a safety valve, a ready and sufficient supply of currency in emergencies, and the effect of which is practically to guarantee that no bank in the United States, which is in a solvent condition, need fail for lack of currency. It, therefore, becomes unnecessary for them to contract their loans and conserve their resources to meet emergencies.

Such a central board as proposed would have its own small staff of auditors, which would be a deterrent on any bank manager going into an unsecured transaction. It would not be necessary to inspect all branches of a bank, only the head offices and the larger branches, the few compelling each bank's own inspectors to make a special return to this central board of all loans in branch banks over a certain amount, whereupon a special audit would be made where any large loans might be regarded as a source of danger.

This central board would likewise survey the whole field in Canada and recommend means of supplying any legitimate demands for credit what were not being supplied with. In this way it could be of great help to the farmers of the West, just as in the United States provision was made for lending some hundreds of millions to farmers.

The people of Canada have long been discussing these problems, and, apart from whether Sir Clifford Sifton's solution is the right one or not, it is time some decisive measures were taken.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother - Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

W. A. Fletcher

THE MANITOBA STEEL & IRON CO., Ltd.
WINNIPEG MAN.

Immediate Shipment From Stock

BAR IRON AND MILD STEEL TYRE STEEL
BLEIGH SHOE STEEL

BOLTS NUTS RIVETS SHAFING BOILER TUBES
WELDING RODS CASE HARDENING COMPOUND

WRITE FOR STOCK LIST

Would Amend Elections Act

Urges Appointment of Permanent Returning Officers in Canada

The appointment of permanent returning officers to simplify the work of organization at election time is recommended by the chief electoral officer for Canada in his report to parliament. An amendment to the Elections Act is suggested empowering the naming by the government, either of an individual or a public officer, such as the sheriff by virtue of his position, to act at all times as returning officer in his county. The report remarks that the time required for preparation for an election in Canada is very much longer than the period consumed in Great Britain, where the system of permanent returning officers is in vogue.

The chief electoral officer also recommends that urban registration for electoral purposes should not be required, except in certain communities, where the population of an electoral district is less than 5,000. At present urban registration is required of all communities over 2,500. Exception would have to be made in the case of a few small communities, which are essentially urban, but the majority of them could be registered as rural communities and effect economy in registration. The increased population limit, says the report, would reduce the number of communities now requiring urban registration from 185 to 50.

Straight Talk On Danger Of Colds

Let your cold gain headway, and you can't keep it from running into Catarrh.

Catarrh never stays in the same place—it travels down into the lungs—then it's Consumption.

Drive colds and Catarrh right out of your system while you have the chance.

Easily done by installing CATARRHOZONE, which instantly reaches the true source of the trouble and gets right where the living germ of Catarrh is working. CATARRHOZONE is full of healing balsams and essences, and is able to patch up the sore spots and remove that tender, sensitive feeling from the nose and throat.

Hawking and spitting cease, because the discharge is stopped. The nostrils are cleared, headache is relieved, breath is purified. Every trace of Catarrh, bronchial and throat weakness is permanently removed.

Get CATARRHOZONE today; month's treatment \$1.00; small size 50c. Sold by all druggists, or by mail from The Catarrhzone Co., Montreal.

Solves Home Problems

Persuading the husband to smoke is a practical way of solving many home problems. Tobacco creates an atmosphere of cheerfulness and contentment.

GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild laxative that will keep the little one's stomach and bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy. The new sales tax will not increase the price of Baby's Own Tablets, as the company pays the tax. You can still obtain the Tablets through any medicine dealer at 25 cents a box, or by mail, postpaid, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

To Beautify Grounds

Within a few weeks the horticultural department of the Canadian Pacific Railway will have sent out to its agents 11,000 seed packets and 30,000 to 40,000 bulbs. As soon as western conditions permit, trees, shrubs and perennial plants will be packed and shipped. One hundred thousand trees and shrubs and 70,000 perennials are being used annually and it requires 200,000 bedding plants to fill the beds of the permanent gardens in the station grounds and parks of the company every year.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, an excellent remedy.

According to reports of traffic officials, "kipping gallopes" are the cause of many women and girls being injured in alighting from street cars.

Minard's Liniment for Headache

W. N. U. 1515

Ogden's CUT PLUG

Now in Vacuumized Tins



80¢
the ½ lb

always fresh

Ogden's Liverpool

White Kitchens

Becoming Increasingly Popular Among the Younger Housewives

White is everywhere a symbol of cleanliness. Of course, it is really no "cleaner" than any other color; a gray enameled ware pot, for instance, has all the advantages of cleanliness that a white one has, for all enameled ware is easy to keep clean and will not discolor. But the least speck of dirt shows on white, where it might remain unnoticed on some darker shade. For this reason the fashion of white in the kitchen where cleanliness is of paramount importance, is growing all the time. The "white kitchen" has white enameled table, white chairs, white kitchen cabinet—even a white range—and, of course, it has white enameled ware utensils.

It is becoming increasingly popular, particularly among the younger housewives, to have a definite color scheme for a kitchen. Some prefer all whites while others find that white blends very well with the gray, blue and other shades in which enameled ware comes.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

World's Poultry Convention

Canada will be represented at the world's poultry convention, to be held this spring in Barcelona, Spain, according to an announcement by the Federal Department of Agriculture. Authorization has been given for two delegates to go, and efforts will be made to increase this number by way of a delegate from each of the provinces.

A Michigan woman at the wedding feast of her daughter, served strawberries and other fruit that was "put up" in the year the daughter was born, 23 years ago.

GRIPPE!

Apply Minard's to throat and chest. Also inhale. Minard's gives quick relief.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT



Fresh country milk



Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co., Limited, Montreal.

ST. S. 22-24

What Does This Trade Mark Mean?



You will see this shield-shaped trade mark in hardware stores everywhere. You won't see it on cheap, inferior goods. It goes only on household utensils of the highest quality, yet selling at moderate prices, because of the tremendous quantities sold each year.

Choose cooking and baking utensils that carry this trade mark. Choose SMP Enameled Ware, with its very hard, smooth surface. Meats faster, cleans easier, imparts no metallic flavor, causes no dangerous acid reactions. Ask for

SMP Enamel WARE

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly-grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue edging.

SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. OF CANADA
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG
EDMONTON VANCOUVER CALGARY

Says Great Britain Must Increase Air Force To Avoid Disaster In Future

Commander Charles F. Durney, member of parliament, inventor of the parachute, author of the Imperial Airship project and noted authority on aviation, says in an article in the Sunday Times that Great Britain must either bring about aerial disarmament or build up its air force to avoid disaster in the future, he says.

"It can be taken as certain that we should have to reckon on one hundred casualties for every ton of bombs dropped, and that, at a very moderate estimate, the casualties from daily air raids under present day conditions would range from 8,000 to 12,000 a day. By the use of incendiary bombs the whole of London could be set on fire, or all the main railway lines could be destroyed to prevent reinforcements being brought in. These are not alarmist views, but consideration of the effects of air raids attacks at the present day." During the next few years, as more and more powerful weapons are produced their results are bound to be still more terrible.

Commander Durney referred to an American airplane weighing 35,000 pounds, which can carry nearly five tons of bombs, says: "A squadron of 100 such machines, therefore, could carry 1,600 tons of explosives or bombs, and there can be little doubt that within a very few years it will be possible to destroy completely a town the size of London within a period of a few days."

The best way to obtain limitation of armaments, says Commander Durney, is the mobilization of world opinion.

J. H. Thomas, the Colonial Secretary, in the Weekly Dispatch, demands the Labor Government's decision to sanction the previous government's policy of air force expansion, saying:

"While taking the necessary steps, as the late government did, to improve our air defenses by stages, we are certain that mere competition in armaments leads to disaster. While recognizing the necessity of defense, we want to do nothing to upset the European situation. At the same time we must be in a position to establish confidence in Europe among other peoples, so there will be a recognized formula for an all round reduction of armaments."

Tuberculosis Survey

Examination to be Made in Alberta to Determine Prevalence of Tuberculosis Among Children

A survey to determine the prevalence of tuberculosis among children in the province of Alberta is to be carried out in the near future.

The suggestion to hold the survey was made by Dr. Baker, superintendent of the Provincial Hospital, who pointed out that the Tuberculosis Association for the Province of Alberta, would make a grant of \$1,000 to the undertaking.

One thousand children will be taken from various parts of the province as follows: 200 from Calgary, 200 from Edmonton and 200 from other smaller towns and country districts. All classes and nationalities of children will be included except Indians.

It was announced that as well as determining the prevalence of tuberculosis, the percentage of under-nourished children in the province could also be determined by the survey.

Children Take Long Journey

Two children, a boy and a girl, Ann and Helen of London, Poland, and Eugenie, daughter of Moscow, aged twelve and eight respectively, who travelled alone from their homes in Europe, reached Winnipeg safely. The two children, who were in charge of railway officials, were back destined to Herbert, Sask. Neither child could speak a word of English. Both seemed happy and contented, and judging from their appearance, entered thoroughly into the adventure.

There isn't any difference in time when eating a bowl of soup to start at the bottom of a bowl and eat up or start at the top and eat down.—Chas. Calk, Minneapolis

BY N. G. MILL

Horse Breeders Are Hopeful

Demand for Heavy Draft Horses Now Being Shown

Signs of an early lifting of the cloud that has overhung the horse breeding industry, were brought to the attention of members in attendance at the annual meeting of the Clydesdale Horse Association of Canada held in Toronto recently. The directors' report showed that the horse population from 1914 to 1922 had fallen off very heavily, the reduction in 1922 as compared with 1921 alone amounting to 118,000, with the decrease in the number of colts and fillies outstanding. However, practically all who addressed the meeting expressed the opinion that the bottom had been reached. They based their statements on the enquiries for heavy draft horses to do work in towns and cities.

Speaking for Western Canada, Hon. Duncan Marshall, John Graham, Carberry, Man., and others, pointed out that despite the shrinkage in total horse holdings in the Dominion, part of the country was still overstocked, but that shipments to the east were beginning to show volume. All saw great possibilities in the near future. Among the optimists was Prof. W. L. Carlyle, manager of the Prince of Wales' ranch in Alberta. On the motion of J. Myers, Valhalla, Sask., it was decided to ask the Federal Livestock Branch to provide representatives to boost the horse industry in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, as had been done successfully in Alberta, and the motion was carried to include a man for Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Less Prosperous Farmer

The Backward Farmer Who Fails to Profit by Advice

People who try to give the farmers advice that might be of value to them in their business, claim that those reached by the methods usually employed are those who have either made good because of their own energy or enterprise, or who would have made a success in any occupation. The farmer who is groping along and to whom precept and advice would unquestionably be of help rarely troubles himself to come within the range of that sort of assistance.

This situation is noticeable in the effort made by governments to educate farmers through fairs, showing matches, and various other organized activities. It is the prosperous, successful farmer who is prominently identified with these events and who reaps the benefits. The man with the dilapidated barn and scrub herd fails to prosper the call.

When a method is discovered to interest the less successful farmer, there will be better progress in agriculture throughout Canada, says a Canadian Observer.

Turning to Dairying

Strong Movement in Favor of Mixed Farming in the West

Darcy Scott, general counsel National Dairy Council, on his return from the west, where he attended several dairy conventions said: "There is not the optimism this year I have met with on previous visits to the west, yet the dairy industry is the most prosperous, or perhaps the only prosperous branch of agriculture on the prairie at present. I never before experienced such a strong movement in favor of mixed farming and dairying as exists at the present time in the prairie provinces. Dairying is making very substantial developments. The annual increase in butter production was about 20 per cent last year. The demand for more and yet more dairy cows is quite strong. The dairy cow will be the salvation of the west."

Soldiers From U.S.

Bandings of United States Farmers neither expected to move to Canadian prairie lands this spring was the principal subject discussed at a conference of colonization men held in Winnipeg. Indications are, it was declared, that the movement across the border into Canada this year will be greater than it has been for some time.

Wages of Farm Help

Average Wages Show Advance in 1923 Over Previous Year

The average wages of farm help in Canada shows a slight advance for 1923 as compared with 1922, according to compilations of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The average wages per month of farm helpers, during the summer season of 1923, including board, were for \$61 as against \$59 in 1922, and for women \$59, the same as 1922. The value of the board was the same as in 1922 being \$21 for men and \$17 for women. By the year the average value for males, including board, was \$611 for 1923 as compared with \$594 in 1922, and \$422 for women as compared with \$417 in 1922.

Where Prices Drop

Value of Horses and Cattle Shows Noticeable Decline

The average value of horses and cattle in Canada during 1923 shows a decline as compared with the previous year, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The falling-off is most marked in the prairie provinces. Sheep have remained at about the same price level as in 1922, but swine show a decrease in average value per head in every province. The approximate total value of horses in Canada last June was \$223,151,966 as against \$261,042,906 in 1922; which cows, \$172,915,060 as compared with \$179,141,809; other cattle, \$142,458,006 for 1923 and \$154,141,000 for 1922.

The Tricks of Fate

The Comparative Safety of Riding on a Train

The man who boards a train may feel that he has been guaranteed a 50 per cent security. All-steel cars, modern road-bed, efficient signal service, and intelligent operation are his for the price of a ticket. Should that man journey across the continent, he will run greater risks to life and limb when he debarks at his destination and emerges on the street than he has run while entrained. A brief journey by motor car at the end of his trip will place his life in the maximum of jeopardy. He may be maimed or killed at a grade crossing within sight of his home by the very train that brought him safely over 3,000 miles of track.—Rochester Times-Union.

Aid Juvenile Immigrants

In anticipation of a large volume of juvenile immigration from Great Britain to Canada in this and succeeding years the Immigration committee of the Montreal Kiwanis Club has secured and is equipping a local hotel to be used as a clearing house for these boys on their arrival.

Hudson Bay Road Would Open Ready-Made Sea Route For All Of Western Canada

Recently the west was visited by important personages from Minnesota, Mr. Hugh J. Hughes, state director of marketing, and Mr. J. F. Reed, president of the Minnesota Farm Bureau, says the Manitoba Free Press. Both these gentlemen have devoted considerable attention to the marketing of farm products, particularly grain, and have made a very careful study of interior freight and export rates, and both strongly favor the Hudson Bay route as a possible solution of the difficulties of the western farmer both in Canada and the United States as well as Western Canada.

Speaking in Winnipeg on January 25th, Mr. Reed said: "Just why \$20,000,000 was spent on a railway which ends in a swamp and is left to rot is a puzzle to anybody on the outside. When the money for completion has been voted and there is every advantage to be gained by building the road to the northern outlet, what is the matter that it is not finished?"

About the same time Mr. Hughes spoke to a convention of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies at Saskatoon and predicted the early completion of the railway as being very necessary to the farmers' interests. Mr. Hughes had already written an interesting article on the subject of transportation routes and rates. This appeared in "The Country Gentleman" in its issue of August 19th, 1923, under the title "Landlocked—All-Water Routes are the Open Sesame to the Heart of the Continent." In this, Mr. Hughes showed himself to be thoroughly familiar with the subject and gave some very valuable and illuminating information as to the serious handicap under which farmers residing in the Canadian-American wheat belt are at present laboring in respect to transportation charges. He recommended strongly the development of the three great interior water routes of the North American continent: the Mississippi, St. Lawrence and Hudson Bay. Each had its own territory to serve but for the area comprising the prairie provinces in Canada and the Dakotas and other states of the American union the natural and proper outlet is the Hudson Bay.

He says, by way of illustration: "If you have a globe handy so much the better. Now stick a pin halfway from the middle up toward the North Pole. That's Liverpool. Give your

globe a spin and you will see the line which another pin halfway up from the equator toward the Pole. That's North Dakota. That's the centre of the American Canadian wheat belt. Now take a string and draw it between these two pins, the shortest distance it doesn't follow an east and west line. It curves up toward the North Pole and then downward in a south-westerly direction.

"On your globe you'll be surprised to observe that it hits Greenland and comes down, across Hudson Bay. That's absolutely the shortest distance between Western Europe and the heart of America."

"It was Henry Hudson, the same Henry who discovered the Hudson River, that discovered the Hudson Bay route. Don't mistake it as a joke. Remember it's the shortest distance to the heart of the continent. Remember that the ships of the Hudson Bay Company sailed past its headlands for 200 years. And on your last map of Canada find a slender line creeping straight out from the wheat lands toward Hudson Bay—a gleaming line of double steel rails determined on getting down to salt water in the least possible distance. You'll hear that the Hudson Bay route is impractical. So was the route via Panama impractical—once. There are huge to be crossed and harbors to be dredged and beacon lights to be set on many an unfriendly headland, but the era of the Hudson Bay route is every year to let the ships in from the Atlantic and out again with their cargoes of grain. When you are trying to shorten the land haul that sets the distance you are from the central markets of the world, don't forget the Hudson Bay route."

That well-known and reliable journalist, "The Scientific American," has also been paying some attention to the northern route. The leading article in its issue of June, 1922, is headed "Hudson's Bay, the Neglected Sea," and was written by John T. Rowland. The author spent some time in Hudson Straits in 1911, cruising in a thirty-foot auxiliary sail. He has first-hand information regarding the navigability of the route and expresses his amazement that this has not already been developed for commercial purposes, but "now," he remarks, "the whirlwind of time suddenly lifts him to its proper place as one of the three great trade ways into the heart of the American continent—the other two being the Mississippi River and the Great Lakes system."

"The reason for this is not any change in Hudson's Bay itself. The controlling factor as usual is economic; it has dawned upon the minds of our neighbors across the border that there is a ready-made sea route lying wholly in Canadian territory and extending to within a few hundred miles of the great wheat exporting belt of the Canadian northwest."

Mr. Rowland refers to some difficulties that have been found in navigating the Straits, such as the effect of the magnetic pole on the Mariner's compass, tidal currents and lee conditions, and how these may now be readily overcome. The last-mentioned offers no serious obstacles for several months in summer and fall for it is the opinion of competent navigators that, "during the three or four months of open navigation, before the winter freeze-up begins, this route may be traversed by an ordinary tramp steamer more safely than the gulf and river of St. Lawrence to Montreal."

An Ancient Guard

Since the discovery and exploration of Tutankhamen's tomb several persons more or less connected with the work of discovery have died, ending it is explained, to the active participation of the dead monarch's guardian spirit. That is bad enough, but now comes an Officers' authority with further evidence of the sinister influence exerted by these ancient and long-dead potentates. The income tax, it appears, dates back to the time of the Pharaohs.—The Montreal Gazette.

The New Habit: "In my last place I always took things fairly easy." The Mistress: "You won't do that here. I keep everything locked up."

LUNCH COUNTER CARS ON NATIONAL



Lunch counter cars which will cater for the needs of passengers in the comfort, first-class and tourist cars of the main line trains, if they desire to patronize them, are to be operated by the Canadian National Railways for the convenience of the travelling public, and particularly of immigrants arriving in Canada. As an experiment, lunch counter cars have been placed in service between Winnipeg and Toronto. While these trains carry dining cars and while the Canadian National Railways also have lunch counters and restaurants at all divisional points, it is considered that the lunch counter car will be a great benefit to women travelling with children and to others who may be physically unfit or unable to leave the train at stations because of severe weather, or for other reasons.

The lunch counter has been fitted up at one end of a steel colonist car, where the best grade of tea and coffee freshly made will be served. Light meals comprising cereals, sandwiches, pies, preserved fruits, and other canned goods will be available at Canadian National standard lunch counter prices. A competent and courteous attendant will be in charge of each lunch counter and service may be secured at any time during the day.

The suggestion of the lunch counter cars was made by Mr. Walter Pratt, General Manager of Dining, Sleeping and Parlor Cars and of Hotels, who has been anxious to provide this facility to further improve travelling conditions and add to the comforts of passengers on the Canadian National Railways.

BLUE RIBBON TEA

Most grocers sell
BLUE RIBBON TEA
and most people drink
it. Do you have it in
your home?

A Daughter Of The Ranch

A Story of Romance and Adventure
in Western Pioneer Days

— BY —
ALEXANDER D. McLEOD

(Published by Special Arrangement
with the Author)

CHAPTER I.

There are islands on the prairies. Such an island it is that rises out of the broad expansive sea of level, unbroken, green prairies that form the south-east section of the country, called—at the time of this narrative—"The North West Territories" of Canada, now Saskatchewan.

The "Moon Mountains"—a common name applied to one of nature's favored beauty spots—consist of an irregular cluster of undulating hills of glacial drift, which comprise an area of about six hundred square miles of territory. Rising to a height of from four to six hundred feet, they form a conspicuous elevation that is visible for many miles along the lower lying surrounding level prairies. Within their beautiful well-wooded valley, and between their numerous equally well-wooded hills, lie scores of fresh water lakes, many of which are teeming with fish of various kinds. These, also, are the haunts of myriads of wild water fowl, and other birds of many species, that makes them their habitat during the breeding season of the year. Within these scenes was enacted the drama of human interest that is related in the following narrative.

It was coming to the close of a hot bright day toward the latter end of June, in the summer of 1888, when a solitary rider, well mounted on a roan broncho, drew rein and halted his fagged steed on the peak of one of the highest hills that form the south-west projection of the mountains. From his elevation the rider commanded a wide view of the apparently boundless prairies, which seemed to lose themselves in a smoky haze as they

gradually blended with the blue of the horizon, and thus vanished beyond his range of vision. The field glasses that he trained on the seemingly limitless plain, revealed no break nor object that would indicate human habitation. With a puzzled look he turned his glasses seaward along the range of hills. After a close inspection of the skyline, he detected against the deeper blue of the eastern sky a faint tissue film of smoke that seemed to be issuing from, or beyond, a fringe of trees visible along the edge of a transverse range of hills some distance away. With a relieved expression depicted on his countenance he turned his horse in the direction indicated by this column of smoke, and proceeded on his journey.

While the place from which this smoke issued might not prove to be the location of the Indian Agency, which was his objective at the end of his first day's trip, he inferred that it indicated the vicinity of some human habitation where he might receive accommodation for the night, or get some information as would direct him to the agency. It was his purpose, when he left Fort Qu'Appelle that morning to rest his horse for a day at the Indian Agency, and there, also, secure additional supplies to last him for the balance of his journey to North Dakota, for which country he was heading, and where he had intended to join some of his people who had made their homes there.

As he approached the bluff, he followed a dim trail that led for some distance along its edge, which finally brought him through an opening in the trees. As he emerged on the other side of the bluff, his horse came to a sudden stop, when he almost collided with another horse and rider cantering towards him. Quickly recovering himself from the surprise of this sudden meeting, he checked up his horse and faced the new arrival with alert composure. That the surprise was mutual was evident from the attitude of the new arrival, who sat firmly in his saddle, bridle rein in the left hand, while the right tightly gripped a Colt's revolver. Still leaving it along in the holster suspended from a belt around the waist, the stranger, without speaking, intently watched the movements of the traveller. He, in turn, appraised the youthful rider in front of him, who, sitting astride a spirited mount held well in hand, was, as he surmised, a youth of about eighteen years of age. He was dressed in riding boots and breeches, above which he wore an Indian tanned buckskin jacket, frilled and headed as such garments usually are. On his head a gray slouch hat, pulled well over the face, fairly well concealed the upper part of a youthful and pleasing countenance.

The strained silence that followed this sudden meeting, during which both riders mutually regarded each other, was, after a few moments, broken by a sweet feminine voice that both thrilled and astonished the traveller as it asked: "Excuse me, sir, but did you notice a bunch of horses along the trail as you came along?" "Horse rustlers" are reported to be ranging the country and father is anxious to have his horses rounded up for the night. I have ranged the hills around here, but have found no trace of them." As those words were spoken, the right hand that gripped the revolver was automatically transferred from its butt to the bridle rein.

Both astonished and embarrassed at this unexpected meeting on a lonely trail with a young lady rider, dressed in male attire, he mumbled an awkward apology and replied: "Oh, I beg your pardon, madame; there are no horses to be seen anywhere on the open country to the west, nor in any other direction so far as I could see, even with the aid of my field glasses." Then he offered: "If there is anything I can do to assist you in the search for them, I shall be pleased to do it."

"Oh, thank you," she said, "but I think I would rather not. I shall turn back and range those hills to the south, and if they are not there I shall follow the trail from there home, and report my failure to find them to father." Then reining her horse in the direction indicated, she turned in her saddle as if to give a parting greeting to the astonished traveller. As she did so, she seemed to notice for the first time the fagged and tired appearance of both horse and rider. She then turned her horse around and said: "Your horse seems tired. You must have travelled a long distance today."

"I started from Fort Qu'Appelle this morning. My name is MacRae, Ronald MacRae. I have just received

my discharge from the Canadian army, with which I had been serving as scout with the General Middleton Brigade in the Riel Rebellion. I am on my way to North Dakota, where some of my people live. I was heading for the Moose Mountain Indian Agency, where I intended to spend the night and get additional supplies to continue the trip, but it seems I missed the trail. If you can direct me there I shall feel grateful."

"There is a trail leading to the agency from my home. Follow this trail and it will lead you to the house about two miles east of here. From there father will show you the trail to the agency." With this parting instruction she turned her horse, and, waving him a parting greeting, she set spurs to her horse's flanks and galloped off in the direction of the hills to the south to resume her search for the horses.

For a few minutes he stood watching her as she cantered over the rolling ground till she dropped out of sight half a mile away beyond the brow of a hill. Her graceful riding, her skill in handling her horse, as well as her ingenious manner, attracted both his fancy and admiration. For some time he stood hesitating and undecided as to which course to follow. He was seized with a strong urge to press his assistance. The fact that "horse rustlers" were reported to be in the vicinity made him apprehensive of the dangers that might be lurking in the shelter of any bluff. He knew the desperate character and criminal tendencies of such outlaws, and was accordingly conclusions of the dangers that threatened a defenceless woman, ranging the country alone, when such handouts are roaming at large. He felt the urgency of following her to afford her protection in case of need. Finally, impressed by her refusal to accept his assistance and satisfied with her skill in horsemanship, as well as her independent self-assurance in her knowledge of the country, he decided to follow the trail leading to the home.

Travelling leisurely along the trail, he, in a short time, came to the shore of a lake of clear water with a well defined shore line and sandy beaches. The land and surrounding hills were heavily wooded. He turned to his left and took a well beaten trail that followed the windings of the lake shore. Following this trail a short distance he came to a comparatively pretentious house built of peeled logs, and set on a stretch of rising ground a short distance back from the lake of which it commanded a clear view. The ground in front was cleared of all underbrush and fixed up as a grassy lawn. A few shade trees of birches and poplars stood here and there on the lawn in their irregular positions of original growth in the forest. The rustic log dwelling had a verandah extending the full length of its front. It was built so as to harmonize with the rusticity of the house itself, both of which were evidently built with a view to comfort and homeliness, and such skill and good taste were shown in their construction. These details were taken in by the rider as he followed the path leading to the front of the house. (To be continued)

Mother! Give Sick Baby "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative to Clean Lungs
and Bowels of Baby or Child

Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic babies and children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits. Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.



Canadian Bacon Shows Improvement
A cablegram received in Canada quotes a large firm of importers of livestock products in England as saying that Canadian bacon recently received has been of greatly improved quality. This firm attributes the improvement to the system of government grading of hogs. The same firm also states that recent consignments of butter from Western Canada have earned commendation from British purchasers.

HERE'S WHAT PEOPLE SAY ABOUT TANLAC

"If it had not been for Tanlac I would still be a sick, discouraged woman, for nothing else seemed to do me any good," says Mrs. Edward Gibbs.

All the advertising in the world, and all the sales efforts combined, could not have made the great success for TANLAC that has been attained, unless this reconstructive tonic possessed merit of the greatest degree. Over 40 million bottles of Tanlac have been sold and the demand today is greater than ever before.

That TANLAC possesses merit and has brought relief to hundreds of thousands of persons is attested by the great number of testimonials that have been received by the company from people in every state of the Union and every province of Canada. There are over 100,000 such statements on file with the company, all ringing with sincere praise for TANLAC and what it has accomplished.

Here are excerpts from a few of the 100,000 statements on file:

Mrs. Edward Gibbs, Lancaster, Pa. — "For 2 years indigestion deprived me of nearly all the pleasure of living. If it had not been for TANLAC I would still be a sick and discouraged woman, for nothing else seemed to do me any good."

Mrs. Mary A. Benson, Seattle, Wash. — "Following an operation my stomach and nerves seemed to give way and I became almost helpless. As a last resort I tried TANLAC. I began to improve from the very first.

gained 20 lbs., and today am feeling fine."

O. E. Moore, Kansas City, Mo. — "My stomach seemed to pain me constantly. Food seemed to do me no good, I would bloat up with gas, lost my strength, and could not sleep or rest. I was on the down-grade all the time. Tanlac corrected my troubles and put me in excellent shape."

Thomas Lucas, Peterboro, Ontario: "Well, sir, buying TANLAC was the best investment I ever made, for it built up my health and strength to where I haven't a complaint in the world."

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Kaake, Detroit, Mich.: "For more than a year our three children, age 2, 4 and 6, had been so peaked and lifeless that we were worried about them. Their stomachs were upset, appetites poor, the color had left their cheeks, their nights were restless and during the day they would just mope around, taking no interest in play or anything else. They began to improve with the first dose of TANLAC, and today there are no more healthy children in Detroit."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 40 million bottles sold. Accept no substitute.

Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills.

Buffalo For Yukon

Twenty head of buffalo from the Wainwright Park will be shipped into the Yukon for the establishment of a buffalo park at White Horse. The buffalo have been purchased by Robert Lowe, of White Horse.

Clark's Beans With Pork

Clark's Beans and Pork are all cooked, ready to heat and serve. They save labour, fuel and worry and ensure perfectly cooked beans. The family size contains two pounds net weight.

"Let the Clark Kitchens help you."

A Word of Encouragement

The Faithful Worker is Not a Spectacular Person, and Misses the Applause

Isn't there a need, not often enough met, of a word of encouragement now and then to the person who is trying to do the right thing? One day a busy mother, tired with the unending tasks for her small children, complained that she never seemed to get anything done and that her life was counting for little. "Why," said a friend, "if you don't do anything but keep these children well clothed and fed you are doing a big and worthy work." To which the mother replied: "I only wish somebody said that to me every day." The steady, faithful worker is not a spectacular person and his role is not the kind the galleries applaud. But he is the person who is maintaining the balance of the world. And he ought to be noticed now and then, lest he falter before his act is played out.—The Kansas City Star.

The man who never gives up for fear of being duped loses every time.

MURINE For Your EYES Refreshes Tired Eyes

Wm. Murine Co., Chicago, for Sale Everywhere

EXCRUCIATING PAINS, CRAMPS

Entirely Remedied by Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound

Elberta, Ont. — "I started with cramps and bearing-down pains at the age of eleven years, and I would get so nervous I could hardly stay in bed, and I had such pains that I would scream, and my mother would call the doctor to give me something to take. At eighteen I married, and I have four healthy children, but I still have pains in my right side. I am a farmer's wife with more work than I am able to do. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I feel that it is helping me every day. My sister-in-law, who has been taking your medicine for some time and uses your Sensitive Wash, told me about it and I recommend it now, as I have received great relief from it."—Mrs. NELSON YOTT, R. R. 1, Elberta, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine for ailments common to women. It has been used for such troubles for nearly fifty years, and thousands of women have found relief as did Mrs. Yott, by taking this splendid medicine.

If you are suffering from irregularity, painful times, nervousness, headache, backache or melancholia, you should at once begin to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is excellent to strengthen the system and help to perform its functions with ease and regularity.

**SPOHN'S
DISTEMPER
COMPOUND**

A safe, dependable and effective remedy for Coughs, Colds, Distemper, Influenza, Hoarseness and Worms in children and mules. Absolutely harmless, and as safe for colts as it is for stallions, mares or geldings. Give "Spohn's" occasionally as a preventive. Sold at all drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO. CINCINNATI U.S.A.

**ZIG-ZAG
Cigarette Papers**

Large Double Sheet
120 Leaves
Finest You Can Buy!
AVOID IMITATIONS

5¢

WRIGLEYS
After every meal

A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a-s-a-t-i-s-f-y-i-n-g benefit as well.

Good for teeth, breath and digestion. Makes the next cigar taste better.

Sealed in its Purity Package

WRIGLEYS
SPEARMINT
THE PERFECT CIGAR CASE
MINT LEAF FLAVOR

W. N. U. 1914

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

The Tobacco
with a heart

For those smokers
who like their tobacco
Cut Fine or who
roll their own
MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

1/2 lb.
tin 80¢



1/2 Lb. — 15¢

CIVILIANS MAY TAKE CONTROL IN GERMANY

Paris.—The demilitarization of the allied military control mission in Germany was practically decided upon by the allied council of ambassadors at a session attended by Marshal Foch.

The ambassadors received a favorable opinion from the inter-allied military committee to the suggestion made by Premier MacDonald of Great Britain that the present military mission be succeeded by the allied commission on guarantees.

Considerable significance is attached to this decision apart from its bearing upon the relations between the allies and Germany. It is the first suggestion of the new British Labor cabinet to be accepted and acted upon by an allied body.

The decision means that the control of Germany's military preparations will be exercised by civilians instead of by army officers, although the intention is not by any means to relinquish the control.

The transfer of the military control into civilian hands, it is explained, will be conditional upon assurances from the control commission, after investigation, that Germany has not made any unauthorized military preparations during the year the control system has been in operation, and upon Germany's compliance with the five demands made by the council of ambassadors in 1922 regarding new legislation and the demilitarization of the German police.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Lumbago, Neuritis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain, Pain.

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacturing of Monocrocinolide of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Still Good Friends

London.—A treaty of friendship between Germany and Turkey has been signed, says an agency dispatch from Constantinople.

ECZEMA IN RASH ON HANDS

Fingers Cracked. Lost Sleep. Cuticura Heals.

"Eczema began with a rash on my hands and I could not put my hands in water. It grew worse every day and my hands and fingers all cracked which made them covered with eruptions. I lost sleep with the itching."

"The trouble lasted three months before I tried of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after using three boxes of Cuticura Soap and two and a half boxes of Cuticura Ointment the eczema was healed." (Signed) Miss Eva E. Sullivan, 336 Highland St., Montreal, New Brunswick.

For every purpose of the toilet and bath Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets are wonderfully good.

Send Six Cents for Big Bottle. Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets, 100¢. Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets, 50¢. Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets, 25¢. Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Tablets, 10¢.

W. N. 11 1312

Live Chickens Will Be Sent By Parcel Post

Ottawa.—Transmission of day-old chicks by parcel post is to be tried out by way of experiment from April 1 to June 15 in all provinces of the Dominion except British Columbia, where the mailing period will be from March 1 to May 31, according to announcement in this week's issue of the post office bulletin. Live day-old chicks will be accepted at the risk of the sender at parcel post rates to places within Canada and the United States, provided the package in which they are mailed is properly prepared and that delivery can be made to the addressee within 36 hours.

Sour Stomach Risings Subdued by "Nerviline"

A Few Drops Bring Relief

The wonderful relief you get from twenty drops of Nerviline will surprise you. Take it in sweetened water, and almost immediately you feel better. Nerviline brings up the gas caused by fermenting food, and relieves that distressed feeling in the stomach. When colic or cramps strike you at night, Nerviline is a sure relief. For general use in the family, for emergent ills, always keep trusty Nerviline on hand. 25c at all dealers.

Saskatchewan Plebiscite

Bill Introduced in Legislature Sets Date for Liquor Vote for July 21

Regina.—The date of the plebiscite on the liquor question is set for July 21 in the bill introduced in the Legislature by Hon. J. A. Cross, attorney-general.

Two questions are at issue and the second one is divided. Voters will be asked to register an opinion for or against the principle of the Saskatchewan Temperance Act. Any ballot not answering that question will be spoiled.

Question number 2 reads as follows: If a liquor system under government control be established, which of the following do you favor?

(a) Sale, by government vendors, in sealed packages of all spirituous and malt liquors, or

(b) Sale, by government vendors, in sealed packages of all spirituous and malt liquors and also the sale of beer in licensed premises.

No vote, according to the provisions of the bill, will be taken in the electoral divisions of Isle a la Poudre or Cumberland.

The lieutenant-governor-in-council will order the issue of the writ on or before June 1. A person who votes, knowing he is not entitled to vote, or procures another he knows is not entitled to vote, is made liable to imprisonment for 30 days. The provisions of the Saskatchewan Election Act will apply with regard to a recount. Special polls for absentees will be held in cities and towns.

Grain Inspector Resigns

Has Been Chief Grain Inspector for the Past Twelve Years

Winnipeg.—George Seris, chief grain inspector for Canada for the past 12 years, has tendered his resignation to the Board of Grain Commissioners, to take effect March 21, on the ground of ill-health. Mr. Seris has been connected with the work of grain inspection for 26 years. His evidence before the Grain Inquiry Commission had been one of the features of the Winnipeg sessions. Mr. Seris' successor has not been appointed, but the name of his assistant, James Fowler, is being mentioned in that connection.

Wins in Judging Competition

Brandon, Man.—J. C. Hyde, of Burnside, Man., with a score of 794 points out of a possible 800, a student at the Manitoba Agricultural College, captured the aggregate honors in the judging competition at the winter fair here. Thirty-four students and a number of outsiders competed. The Manitoba Agricultural College students captured the J. D. McGregor cup for another year, as some of the western colleges sent teams for the competition.

BRANCH LINES QUESTION AGAIN A LIVE TOPIC

Ottawa.—Whether the west will have the branch lines of the Canadian National Railway in which it is entitled, and for which it is clamoring, is becoming early in the season a contentious question, regardless of the fact that the government measure has not yet been brought down.

It is the intention to bring it in, and to follow the lines of a three-year programme. Likewise, it is the apparent intention of the Tory majority in the Senate to kill it, and remarks of A. J. Lewis, Progressive member for Swift Current, in the House, are being seized upon as reasons why the bill should be defeated. Lewis favored annual estimates from year to year in place of one programme covering three years, and criticized the government policy. The same argument was put up by opponents of the bill in the Upper House.

Senator Robertson seized upon and endorsed the Lewis argument. The reason behind the three-year programme is that it is the only way that progress can be made. The minister of railways estimates that if there are to be annual estimates, piece meal, it will take 10 years to complete the job, whereas three would otherwise suffice.

With the money voted annually by parliament it would not be available until July. After that, contracts and arrangements would have to be made to carry on the work, while difficulty is foreseen in obtaining the necessary labor. It would be interrupted by the harvest, and, by the time it was over, by the frost.

On the other hand, the three-year programme practically would ensure one job, for which all contracts could be concluded and labor secured at one time. The lines would be completed in a minimum of time. Between the two plans, the weight of argument is considered to be wholly on the side of the three-year one, but there is some suggestion of adopting the latter, but only in separating the lines, instead of lumping all in one bill.

Pain In His Side Is Now All Gone

Ontario Man Pleased With the Results Obtained from Taking Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. John F. Pain tells of relief from suffering and gladly advises others to try Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Minnet, Ont.—(Special).—Mr. John F. Pain, a well-known resident here is very satisfied with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I had been getting very low and feeling hardly able to do any work, with pains in my side," Mr. Pain states. "I got hold of one of your Almanacs and read it; then sent for six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. After taking three boxes my pain left me and I can now do a lot of work. I always keep some of your pills on hand."

Mr. Pain's troubles came from the kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They put them in shape to strain the uric acid out of the blood. Without uric acid in the blood there can be no rheumatism or sciatica.

May Succeed Denby

Washington.—The possibility of Henry Ford becoming United States secretary of the Navy, in place of Secretary Denby, who has resigned, is being discussed here. It developed that Ford's name is in the list of those who have been suggested to President Coolidge to head the navy department.

Constipation Is Relieved

Prompt—Permanent—Relief

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS rarely fail. Purely vegetable—no harsh or purgative effect on the liver.

Relieve after dinner distress—relieve indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Baron Byng of Vimy Will Be a Scout Always

Ottawa.—"I expect to be a Scout till the end—morally, physically and spiritually," were the words of His Excellency Baron Byng of Vimy, Chief Scout for Canada, who was formally inaugurated as Scoutmaster of the First (Canada) Giltwell Troop at Government House, Associated in the impressive ceremony were the chief scout commissioner and the Dominion camp chief, Lord Byng was not called upon to make the Scout promise, having been a Scout practically from the inception of the movement by Lord Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell.

Grading With Protein Tests

To Prevent Contamination of Canadian Grain Passing Through U.S. Markets

Winnipeg.—Changes in the marketing system incidental to supplementing the present methods of grading with protein tests to prevent contamination of Canadian grain passing through the United States to European markets, and to methods of preserving the identity of shipments down the lakes, were discussed by the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission here.

It was forecast by Isaac Philbado, K.C., representing the elevator interests, that there would be no particular objection to the introduction of protein tests for the benefit of those producers who desire what value attaches to that, though he brought out at much length the physical difficulties that obviously attach to supplementing the present system with that plan.

Chairman Targoon pointed out, however, that many of the physical difficulties suggested in the way of the necessity for increased binning facilities, where the protein test is largely used, would not be so great if it were intended to be a substitute for the marketing of grain by grades.

Soviet Would Negotiate Loan

Want to Borrow the Sum of \$750,000,000 From Great Britain

London.—Soviet Russia will arrive, at the forthcoming Anglo-Russian conference to negotiate credits of £150,000,000, spread over three years, according to the Moscow correspondent of the Daily Express. The credits, according to the dispatch, must be divided in the proportion of 67 per cent. goods and 33 per cent. cash. Great Britain to advance £40,000,000 the first year, £50,000,000 the second, and £60,000,000 the third. Russia will be prepared to begin paying interest on the loan within two years.

"We emphasize that financial credits are absolutely necessary to the orders we are ready to place in England, during the next few years are to be given," Christian Rakovsky, Soviet Charge d'Affaires, is quoted as saying. "These credits are not for the 'Red' army, but are exclusively for economic reconstruction."

British Ambassador Presents Credentials

Cordial Relations Between Great Britain and United States Are Referred to

Washington.—King George sees in the good understanding between Great Britain and the United States "the best guarantee for the future peace of the world."

This declaration was made to President Coolidge, at the request of the King by Sir Knute Howard, and marked the presentation of the new ambassador's credentials to the United States chief executive.

Replying to the ambassador's statement, President Coolidge asserted that the conscious identity of general aims existing between the United States and the British Government "will be a mighty force in bringing to the world just and lasting peace."

Favors Equal Rights

Ottawa.—J. T. Shaw, member for West Calgary, intends to press this session for legislation to place the wife on an equality with the husband as regards grounds for divorce.

Alaska has been found to have rich deposits of almost every useful mineral.

TARIFF CHANGES CONSIDERED TO BE INEVITABLE

Ottawa.—When the budget speech is delivered this year, and stress is placed on it being earlier than usual, changes in the tariff are accepted as inevitable. No wide list will be covered, but something is certain to be done in regard to agricultural implements. Some of them may be placed on the free list, and where this is not done the duty will be cut. A plan is in process of being worked out which, it is claimed, will not be wholly unsatisfactory to the manufacturers, while calculated to please the Progressive elements. Raw products which enter into the manufacture of implements affected by the tariff changes will be admitted free while the sales tax will also be abolished in respect to the finished article. The desirability of the latter scheme was suggested by Mr. Forke in a recent speech.

While it has been suggested that the tariff also be changed in regard to the necessities of life, it is doubtful if this session much on that line is attempted.

The sales tax is likely to be altered considerably in detail, if not in principle. From a great variety of suggestions no particular one has been determined upon. That the income tax will be changed this year is questionable.

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



"Doesn't hurt one bit." Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, and the foot calouses, without soreness or irritation.

New Flag For Egypt

Egypt has formally adopted a new flag. It will be a green field with a crescent and three stars.

MRS. LIZZIE ALMAN

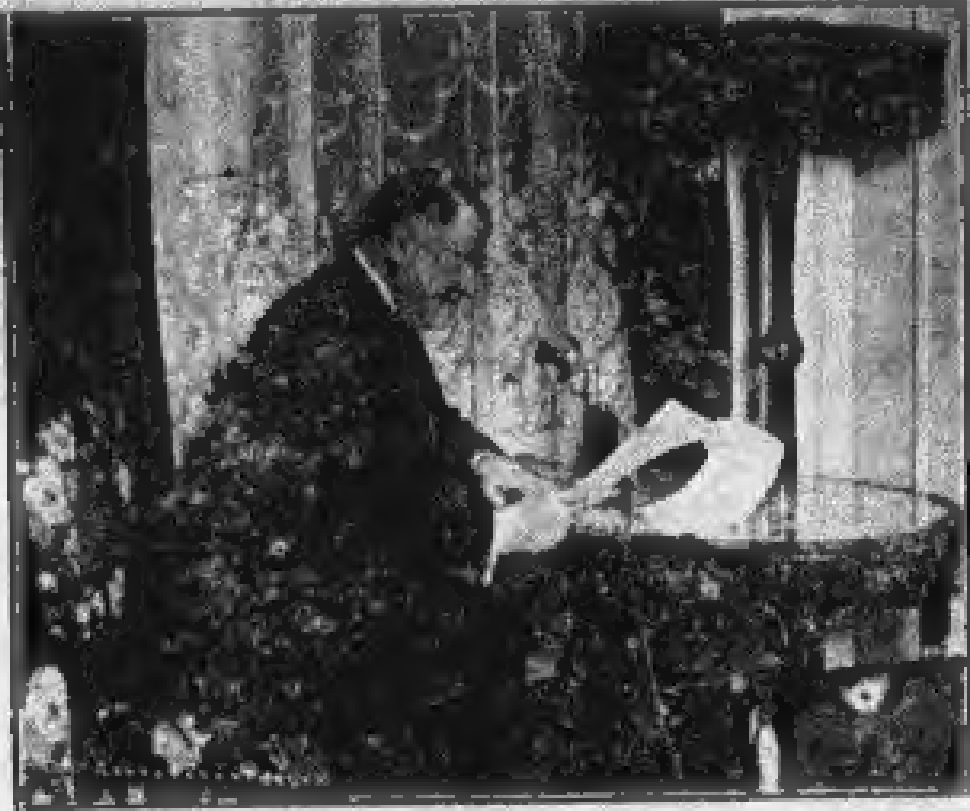


HERE IS THE REASON WHY CANADA HAS SO MANY HEALTHY WOMEN!

Toronto, Ont.—"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can be relied upon as a woman's medicine. I found it so very beneficial that I do hesitate to recommend it to others who suffer. I had suffered with a severe nervous breakdown, caused thru my having feminine weakness. I had no control whatever over my nerves, could not sleep and I suffered with backaches and pains extending down into my limbs. I also had severe bearing-down pains. I was a physical and nervous wreck, when I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It put me right on my feet and removed all the trouble. My nerves became strong and I did not suffer any more with any of the above ailments."—Mrs. Lizzie Alman, No. 225 Ontario Street.

All druggists, liquid or tablet. Write Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice, or send for trial box of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeport, Ont.

CANADIAN NATIONAL PRESIDENT TALKS TO WESTERN EMPLOYEES



FOLLOWING up the first successful experiment in remote broadcast from Winnipeg made about ten days ago, Sir Henry W. Thornton, chairman and president of the Canadian National Railways, appears above talking, a few evenings ago, by long distance telephone from his room in the Fort Garry Hotel, Winnipeg, to the company's em-

ployees throughout Western Canada via Calgary radio station CFCN. It is Sir Henry's intention, as soon as the company has completed its string of radio stations from coast to coast, to use this medium as often as possible to establish a personal contact with those he terms his "fellow employees" of the Canadian National system.

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY.

PURSUANT to the Judgment and Final Order for Sale, there will be offered for sale subject to the reservations and conditions in the original grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title, and subject to a first mortgage to the Canada Life Company, by Public Auction with the approval of the Master in Chambers of the Supreme Court, by W. M. Washburn, Auctioneer, at the Post Office, in the town of Stony Plain, in the Province of Alberta, on **SATURDAY, the 20th day of March, 1924, at the hour of 2:30 o'clock** in the afternoon the following lands:

The North-East quarter of Section Twenty-Five (25) in Township Fifty-One (51) Range Twenty-Eight (28) West of the Fourth Meridian containing by admeasurement One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less, excepting roadway two (2) acres more or less, hereafter into His Majesty all mines and minerals, and the South-East quarter of Section Twenty-Five (25) in Township Fifty-one (51) Range Twenty-Eight (28) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing by admeasurement One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less. Reserving into His Majesty all mines and minerals.

The property is offered for sale subject to a reserved bid.

The Vendor is informed of the following particulars:

The above property is situated about Seven (7) miles from Stony Plain, and Three (3) miles from the nearest school. That about One Hundred (100) acres have been broken and brought under cultivation, and buildings on same consist of: Log Barn, frame barn, log house, and log granary. There is a well and the land is fenced.

The Terms of payment are as follows:

The Purchaser will pay at the time of sale a deposit of 10 per cent. of the purchase price to the Vendor's Solicitor. The Purchaser will assume a mortgage against the said property to the Canada Life Assurance Company for principal sum of \$8000.00 and in respect of which there was due on the 1st of October 1923, the sum of \$3242.00 owing, the amount owing on this mortgage at the time of sale will be ascertained from the Vendor's Solicitor, and pay the balance into Court within sixty (60) days from the date of sale without interest.

Further particulars may be obtained from F. W. Lundy, Barrister, Stony Plain, Alta.

DATED at the City of Edmonton, Alberta, this 19th day of February, 1924.

"R. P. WALLACE,"
C. S. O.

APPROVED,
"A. Y. B."
M. C.

New Butcher Shop.

Opposite the Royal Hotel,
We buy Cattle Chickens Butter,
Eggs and Hides.

Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats

MRS. F. HORN.
Phone 5.

DR. R. M. OATWAY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Residence and Office, opp. C. P.
Station. Phone 11.

DR. R. A. WALTON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Kelly's Store. Phone 1.

DRS. CAIRNS & McCORD,

10229 99th St., Edmonton, Alta.

Reliable Veterinary Surgeons.

Will make calls to Stony Plain.

Phone 2811-1235-2894.

F. W. LUNDY,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office next Postoffice, Stony Plain

WELLS & RICHARDS,

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

841 TOWER BLVD., EDMONTON, ALTA.

At Stony Plain every Wednesday

from 1:30 to 4:30. Money to loan.

Pfeifer Restaurant,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

ALL WHITE HELP.

GOOD MEALS AT REA-

SONABLE PRICES.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

Mrs. Pfeifer, Prop.

SUITS & OVERCOATS

Made to Your Measure.

FURS REPAIRED.

Spring and Summer Samples and

Styles now in.

CLEANING, PRESSING,

REPAIRING, DYEING.

PAUL WERNER

Agency Rex Tailoring Co.

OPPOSITE ROYAL HOTEL.

WANTED!

TWENTY COWS, TO

FRESHEN SOON.

Bring your Hogs in Thurs-

days and get Top Price.

Meredith Bros.,

PHONE FIVE-ONE.

Auction Sale Bills

WELL GOT UP AND PRINTED

And Advertising,

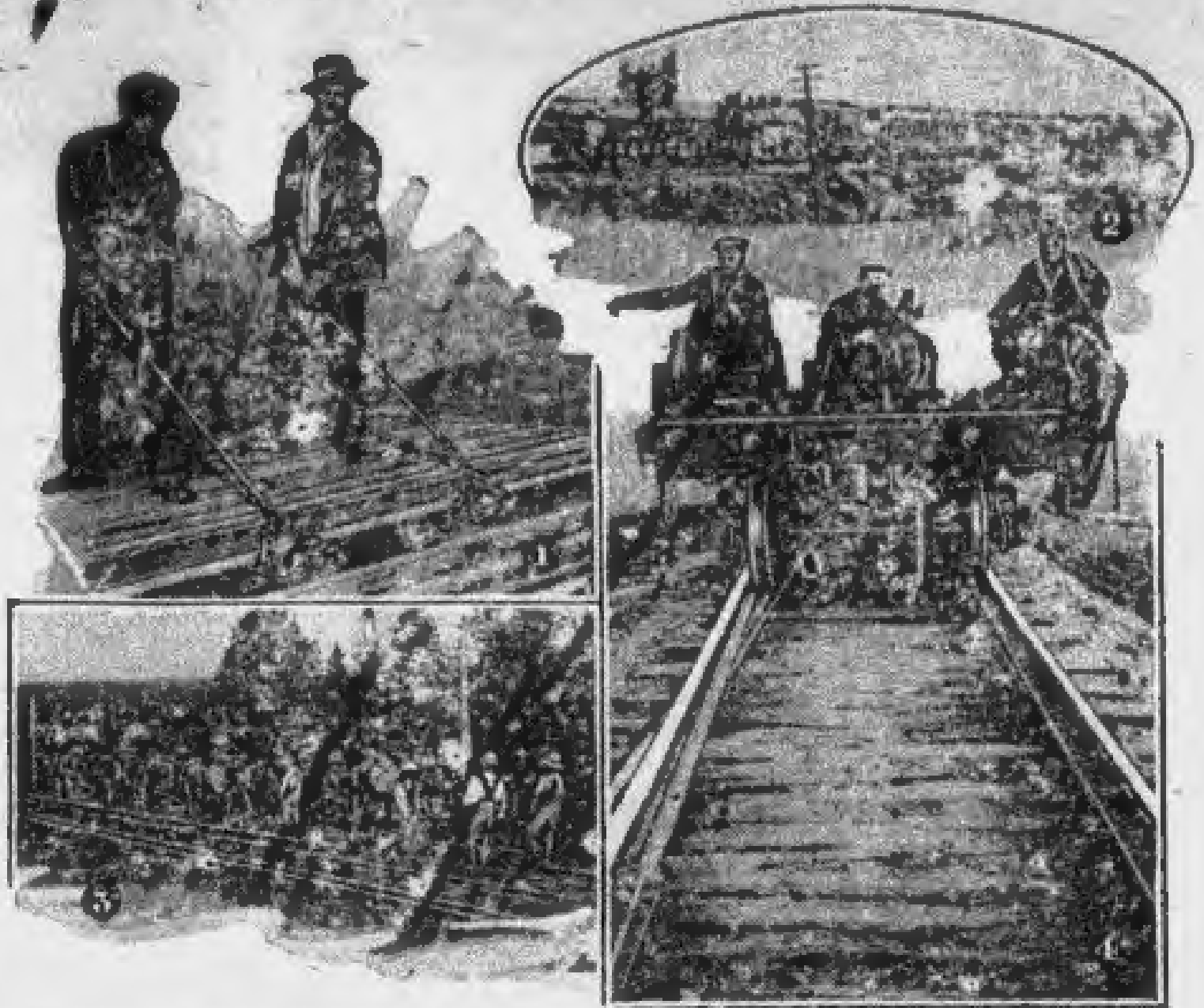
YOU ARE ESSENTIAL IF YOU

WISH YOUR SALE TO BE A

SUCCESS—PHONE FIVE-TWO

The Stony Plain Sun

Another Canadian Railroad Record



1 Unloading new rails from a flat car. 2 A Canadian section crew at work. 3 Placing a new rail with. 4 Throwing the old rail to the outside of the track. Note how the wheels are edging the old rail over the new.

Although Canada owes its prosperity, and even its national life to the Railroads which stretch across the Dominion and send feeders north and south into its rich agricultural and mining countries, the Railroad history of the country does not yet cover fifty years. In their short existence, however, Canadian Railways have progressed, and been so forced to meet the increasing demands and requirements of the country that their development has been extraordinarily rapid. Not only were the engineers employed by the Canadian Pacific compelled to press the laying of steel to the Pacific at a pace hitherto unknown, regardless of the many difficulties and obstacles which they encountered both on the plains and in the Rockies which were once thought impassable, but competition with other lines and the demand of the travelling public for service, comfort and convenience has stimulated the activities of the operating departments to such an extent that in the matter of equipment and service railroads in this Dominion are not surpassed on the continent.

Experiences gained in "construction days" were not lost, nor has the standard of efficiency which signified the Canadian engineer been lowered, and today Canada's claim to be the world's leader in railway construction, maintenance and operation.

Using unusual and effective methods, the Canadian Pacific recently laid over 100 miles of 100 pound rail at the rate of a mile or more an hour securing total daily mileage up to 18 miles and over thus establishing another record. This while the road was under heavy

traffic. First came the train with the new rail. By means of special handling appliances the rails were distributed along the track, outside the old steel. Following the distribution of the new steel, the rails were picked up by a special gang, set up end to end, and bolted into two rail units. Next, the inside spikes were pulled by a gang detailed off for this work, and the old rails were pushed in towards the centre of the track. The new rail was then lifted into place and spiked down against the shoulder of the old tie plates before being tacked into one continuous stretch. This ensured that the alignment and surface of the track remained undisturbed. The new tie plates were inserted later.

Perhaps the most interesting operation was the moving of the old rail to the outside of the track where it could be picked up by the salvage train. The discarded steel was not unbolted, being one continuous piece, sometimes half a mile in length. The end of this rail was thrown outside the new track and as a heavily weighted truck was pushed slowly by a powerful engine, so the plunger on its foremost wheels sheaved the old rail over the new to the outside of the track—a simple operation, but one which, in course of a few years saves the Company thousands of dollars. As a matter of fact, this system of re-laying track, practiced first by the Canadian Pacific on the Magalloway Subdivision, has attracted the attention of railroad officials all over the continent, many of whom have sent representatives from as far away as Texas to secure first hand knowledge of it and the special unloading equipment used.

Stony Plain Agricultural Society

LADIES' WORK FOR 1924 FAIR.

No article which won a first prize at last Fair will be allowed to compete.

All articles presented for competition must be fresh and clean. No worn articles will be accepted.

Competition limited to ladies living in the Stony Plain and Lee St. Area.

Constituencies, except the classes for collections, which are open to all comers.

Class numbers and prizes will appear in the Prize List.

Embroidery.

Embroidered Centrepiece in white. Article in Colored Cotton.

Embroidered Tea Cloth (5-6 Clock). Embroidered Buffet Set, 3 pieces.

Article in Applique Work. Piece of Cross Stitch.

Embroidered Child's Dress. Article in Colored Silk.

Embroidered Day Slips or Pillow Pair of Embroidered Towels.

Slips.

Crochet and Knitting.

Set of Three Table Mats. Towels with Crochet Lace or Insertion.

Set of Three Plate Doilies to match. Fancier Sweater.

Piece of Felt Crochet. Pair Bedroom Slippers Knitted.

Article in Crochet Cotton.

Miscellaneous.

Hand-made Article of Wearing Apparel. Collection of Arts and Crafts (Special)

House Dress. not less than four pieces (prizes

Pyjama Suit. \$5, \$4, \$3. Donated.)

Piece of Tatting. Home-made Quilt.

Home-made Rug.

CHILDREN'S WORK.

Sewing.

—Open to Girls from 12 to 15 inclusive—

Pair of Embroidered Towels with Crochet Edge.

Child's Apron with Applique.

Embroidered Pin Cushion.

Night-dress with Crocheted Yoke.

Article in Knitting.

—Open to Girls 9 to 12 inclusive—

Pair of Towels with Crochet Edge.

Three Articles of Doll's Clothing.

Fancy Pin Cushion.

Knitted Dish Cloth.

Home-made Handkerchief.

—Eight Years and Under—

Crocheted Doll's Bonnet.

FOR SALE—Purebred Tamworth boar, 2 bronze golders, purebred Plymouth Rock roosters and Minors, N. M. Carmichael, phone R1611. 29

FOR SALE—Purebred Bronze Gobblers. A. J. Shank, phone 1613. 29

FOR SALE, eggs for hatching, from good strain Barred Rock poultry; per dozen 75c; 50, \$3.00; 100, \$5. Geo. McMillan, Government Demonstration Farm, Stony Plain. 4899p

FOR SALE—Purebred Barred Rock Roosters, at H. O. Terwilliger's, Phone R507, Stony Plain.

FOR RENT—25 acre plot, 2 miles from Stony Plain; good house and well. Apply J. Knobel, Atlas Lumber Yard. 47

TO RENT, from April 1, 6-roomed house, 2 lots, good barn, good garden. H. T. Walton. 29

FOR RENT—The Johnson property on Government ave.; house 4 rooms and shed, 8 lots, all fenced; vacant about middle of April.

STRAY—Horse, dapple grey, about 7 or 8 years old, feet light color. Came to my place about December 1. Adolph Moldenhauer, Duffield P. O. 28

Peter Goebel,
Well-Driller, CANADA, ALTA.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH AND CURED MEATS
POULTRY IN SEASON.
CASH PAID FOR HOGS, CATTLE,
CALVES, HIDES AND
POULTRY.

PHONE SEVEN.
GUS ZUCHT.

CANADIAN MADE
KWISLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA.

Detailed arrangements for financing the movement of Hebrides fishermen to settlements on the British Columbia coast were closed by Hon. T. D. Pattullo, minister of lands. The provincial government will advance program loans up to \$500 per family to Hebridean settlers on condition that the British Government advance a similar amount. Settlers would be given homesteads on the coast and inland, where they can engage in fishing and farming.

OLD BOX 25 Pills

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY LIVER PILLS

NEW BOX 35 Pills

ONE PILL A DOSE
ONE CENT A DOSE

25¢

35¢

"Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight" which has probably been read and recited more times than any other modern poem, was written in 1895 by Miss Rose Hartwick, of Litchfield Conn. It is said that the author of the poem spent only two hours in its composition.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds

W. M. B. 1516

J. MILLER.
AGENT.

Summerfield & Schultz.
PHONE 40

Certain lands in the Municipal District of Inga No. 222 have reverted to the District on account of non-payment of taxes. These lands are now available for the Taxes and Cents to any party paying same. A list of such lands may be had on application to the Secretary-Treasurer.

THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF
INGA NO. 222.
H. E. PIDGEON, Secy-treas.
Edmonton, Alberta.

The seventh of Canada's direction-finding stations, was recently completed for service by the red branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, to assist the boats and ships navigating the Bay of Fundy and the coastal waters extending to Boston. This station tends to make the route favored by the Canadian Pacific steamships in winter, already amply equipped with safety devices, still safer. It means of the apparatus, the wireless operator of any ship in distress within 480 miles of the Canadian shore can find his location simply by pressing a spring. These stations have been described as "a beacon to se mariners."

John H. Miller, Agent.
Stony Plain Garage.